**Chapter 14 – Athens and Sparta**

**6th Grade Q and A**

14-1 p. 388-392

1. What is an oligarchy?
2. What are the negatives of an oligarchy?
3. What types of laws did Draco establish?
4. What are some advantages of a phalanx?
5. What is tyranny?
6. What are some negatives of a tyranny?
7. What is democracy?
8. What is an advantage of a democracy?
9. How did Solon help lead Athens to democracy?
10. What were Pericles’ thoughts about the role of citizens?

14-2 p. 393-398

1. How did Cleisthenes effect Greek government?
2. What is an advantage of a jury?
3. How did Pericles help lead Greece to a democracy?
4. What three social and economic factors helped Athens increase democracy?
5. What’s the role of the assembly?
6. What’s the role of the council?
7. What’s the role of the courts?
8. What is the difference between direct and representative democracies?
9. How was Athens’ government different from that of the United States?

14-3 p. 400-405

1. List all the ways Sparta’s assembly was different from Athens’.
2. How did Sparta solve their population problem after conquering regions?
3. Why did helots revolt against Sparta in the early 600s?
4. Why did Sparta decide to become a military state?
5. Compare Athens’ education to Sparta’s.
6. Why were Spartan students not given enough food to eat?
7. Compare and contrast the governments of Athens and Sparta.
8. What was the role of women in Sparta?